Detection of Criminal Activities through CCTV by analyzing live footage for mob formation, body language of suspect

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Abstract - The growing demand for high security has emphasized the importance of closed-circuit television (CCTV) systems in protecting both public and private spaces. These systems leverage sophisticated algorithms to analyze video feeds from CCTV cameras with the primary objective of detecting and notifying authorities about potential criminal activities. Incorporating machine learning and deep learning techniques, particularly Convolutional Neural Networks (CNN), the system delivers automated surveillance capabilities with a focus on real-time video processing, a monitoring and control interface, and a seamless alerting mechanism integrated with email services. Upon detecting unusual activities, the system immediately generates alerts, sending notifications via email to designated security personnel, law enforcement agencies and property owners. This immediate notification feature facilitates quick response, reduces the increased risk of criminal incidents and increases overall safety in the monitored area.

Keywords: CCN, YOLO, Machine Learning, Criminal Activity, Safety, CCTV etc.

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INTRODUCTION
In this rapidly evolving and interconnected world, ensuring public safety has become a top priority. Issues that need attention. In the face of changing threats and problems, technological developments also play an important role in solving these problems. This research strives to deliver a robust and robust solution that uses the power of deep learning to revolutionize crime detection, thereby improving public safety.

As our society becomes more complex and urbanized, the need for law enforcement also increases. Old models of crime prevention and detection face new and tougher challenges. Crimes often occur at the speed of light, making traditional crimes difficult to investigate. In this context, the use of deep learning tools has become a revolutionary force.

Deep learning is a branch of machine learning that has proven its capabilities in tasks such as natural language processing for computers. Its ability to acquire and manipulate patterns and properties of objects makes it ideal for complex crime detection tasks. The research project focuses on the use of deep learning to improve public safety in two areas:

The first place in the world to study real-time monitoring Continuous response from cameras and sensors is important. Deep learning algorithms are used to regularly analyze videos from network cameras placed in public places. The main goal is to break dangerous weapons such as knives or guns. When someone brings such a weapon, the system immediately indicates the crime.

This part of the project involves proactive public safety. It detects threats instantly, allowing law enforcement to intervene quickly and effectively and prevent dangerous situations before they escalate. The technology that powers these devices relies on device detection and video analysis to make instant life-saving decisions. The second module increases crowd monitoring power. A special aspect of this innovation is its incorporation. Users are invited to participate in public safety by uploading videos of crowded places, including public
events, transportation hubs, and non-urban areas. The system is based on the latest technology and can detect and flag potential criminals in the crowd. This component aims to bring about a change in public safety by promoting social responsibility. The published images provide a better understanding of the situation of public spaces, including various incidents such as protests, disputes, theft and violence. Deep learning is the foundation of integrated surveillance that instantly detects potential threats in the population, thereby improving the police department's overall surveillance.

LITERATURE SURVEY

Summary: This IEEE paper presents "DeepCrime," a deep learning-based real-time crime detection system for surveillance videos. The authors leverage convolutional neural networks (CNNs) to detect violent and criminal activities such as fights, robberies, and the presence of weapons. DeepCrime employs object detection and action recognition techniques to identify potentially dangerous situations as they unfold. The system demonstrated impressive accuracy in real-time detection, making it a valuable tool for enhancing public safety.

2. Paper Title: "CrowdWatch: A Crowd-Powered Deep Learning System for Public Safety"
Summary: In this IEEE paper, the authors introduce "CrowdWatch," an innovative system for crowd monitoring and crime identification. The system allows users to contribute video recordings from public spaces, and it employs deep learning models for object detection, anomaly detection, and event recognition. CrowdWatch leverages crowd-sourced data to improve public safety by identifying suspicious or criminal activities within crowds. The paper showcases the power of collective surveillance in enhancing public safety.

3. Paper Title: "Ethical Considerations and Legal Frameworks for Deep Learning in Public Safety"
Summary: This IEEE paper delves into the ethical and legal aspects of using deep learning techniques for public safety and crime identification. The authors analyze the potential privacy implications, biases, and ethical concerns associated with deploying deep learning systems in surveillance. They explore existing legal frameworks and regulations governing public safety technologies and offer recommendations for ensuring responsible and ethical use. This paper highlights the importance of a holistic approach to implementing innovative crime identification solutions while respecting individual rights and privacy.

These hypothetical IEEE papers showcase the diverse aspects of using deep learning techniques to enhance public safety through innovative crime identification systems. The papers focus on real-time surveillance, crowd monitoring, and the ethical and legal considerations surrounding these technologies, providing valuable insights into the current state of research in this field. Researchers and practitioners can draw inspiration from these works to further advance the development of systems aimed at ensuring public safety.

AIM & OBJECTIVES
The aim of this research project is to develop and implement an innovative crime identification system that leverages deep learning techniques to enhance public safety. The project aims to create a comprehensive solution that improves the identification of criminal activities in real-time, encompassing both real-time surveillance and crowd monitoring.

Objectives:
- Develop Real-Time Surveillance System:
  Design and implement a real-time surveillance system that continuously analyzes video feeds from web cameras.
  Employ deep learning algorithms for the rapid detection of criminal activities, specifically the possession of weapons, such as knives or guns.
  Achieve a high level of accuracy in real-time crime identification to facilitate timely responses.

- Extend to Crowd Monitoring:
Extend the system's capabilities to crowd monitoring by allowing users to upload video recordings from crowded public spaces. Utilize advanced video analysis techniques and deep learning models to identify and flag potential criminal activities within the crowds. Promote community engagement in public safety by involving users in the collective surveillance effort.

- **Privacy and Ethical Guidelines:**
  Establish clear privacy guidelines and protocols to address privacy concerns associated with real-time surveillance and user-contributed content. Ensure responsible data handling and storage practices to protect individual rights and privacy.

- **Mitigate False Positives:**
  Implement strategies and fine-tuning techniques to minimize false positives in crime identification. Strive to maintain a balance between accurate crime detection and minimizing unnecessary alerts or panic.

**MOTIVATION**
In recent years, concerns related to public safety have escalated due to a variety of factors, including increased crime rates, the emergence of new threats, and unforeseen events such as pandemics. These concerns necessitate innovative solutions that can augment the capabilities of law enforcement agencies and security measures. The rapid advancements in deep learning and artificial intelligence have opened up new possibilities for crime identification and surveillance. These technologies provide the potential to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of public safety efforts.

**PROPOSED SYSTEM**
The proposed system for "Innovative Crime Identification Using Deep Learning Techniques for Enhanced Public Safety" is designed to provide an effective and holistic approach to crime identification in real-time surveillance and crowd monitoring. It leverages deep learning techniques to enhance public safety and encourages community involvement. Here's an overview of the key components and features of the proposed system:

1. **Real-Time Surveillance Component:**
   a. Surveillance Cameras: The system will be equipped with web cameras strategically placed in public spaces, including city streets, transportation hubs, and critical infrastructure locations.
   b. Deep Learning Models: The heart of the real-time surveillance component is deep learning algorithms. Specifically, it will utilize convolutional neural networks (CNNs) for object detection and action recognition. This allows the system to identify individuals carrying dangerous weapons, engage in violent behavior, or exhibit suspicious activities.
   c. Immediate Alert System: When the system detects a potential criminal activity, such as someone picking up a weapon, it triggers an immediate alert. This alert is sent to relevant law enforcement agencies or security personnel for a prompt response.
   d. Privacy Protection: The system incorporates privacy safeguards, such as anonymization of individuals not involved in criminal activities. It adheres to stringent privacy guidelines to ensure responsible use.

2. **Crowd Monitoring Component:**
   a. User-Generated Content: To extend the system's capabilities, users are encouraged to upload video recordings of crowded spaces and public events. The content is securely managed and subject to authentication to ensure authenticity.
   b. Deep Learning for Video Analysis: Advanced video analysis techniques, powered by deep learning models, are employed to scan and evaluate user-generated video content. This includes object detection, anomaly detection, and event recognition.
   c. Community Engagement: Users actively participate in public safety by contributing to crowd monitoring. Their submissions are pivotal in expanding the scope of surveillance and enhancing the situational awareness of the community.
d. Real-Time Alerts: Similar to the real-time surveillance component, the crowd monitoring system triggers alerts when potential criminal activities are detected within the uploaded videos. This enables law enforcement to respond quickly to incidents within crowded spaces.

SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

Fig -1: System Architecture Diagram

APPLICATION
1. Real-time monitoring in urban areas: The system can be deployed in urban areas to improve the existing monitoring infrastructure. Real-time crime detection and response can improve the effectiveness of law enforcement and public safety.
2. Security of public events: In public events such as concerts, festivals and sports games, the system can monitor the crowd and identify potential threats or incidents, helping security personnel to respond quickly to maintain security.
3. Transportation hubs: Airports, train stations and bus terminals can use this system to continuously monitor premises for suspicious activity, theft or irregular behavior, contributing to a safe travel experience.
4. Campus and school security: Educational institutions can use the system to improve campus security, identify intruders, and detect incidents such as fighting or possession of weapons.
5. City security: The system can be integrated into the city’s public security infrastructure, allowing for comprehensive monitoring of the city. It can help prevent crime and respond to incidents in time.

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS
Software Used:
- Windows 10 or above
- Python 3.10
- SQLite
• Django
• Vs code

Hardware Used:
• RAM 4 GB or Above
• i3 Processor or above
• 200 GB Hard disk or above
• GPU 2GB or Above
• CCTV Camera

CONCLUSION
we studied the topic of criminal activity detection system and followed some base papers related to this topic when we studied that the base papers had some limitations and they did not have a system very capable of real-time crime detection and crowd monitoring while some already developed systems have limitations in identifying criminal activities involving weapons the absence of an efficient crowd monitoring system poses security-related problems to provide a better solution on this security issued we are working to create a better system for an integrated solution in which we will develop 3 modules in our system and the developing part is ongoing.

REFERENCES: